



# MEK-2 Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-14837
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB;IHC;IF;IP;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	MAP2K2
<b>Protein Name</b>	Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human MAP2K2. AA range:261-310
<b>Specificity</b>	MEK-2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MEK-2 protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunoprecipitation: 2-5 ug/mg lysate. ELISA: 1/10000.. IF 1:50-200
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	MAP2K2; MEK2; MKK2; PRKMK2; Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2; MAP kinase kinase 2; MAPKK 2; ERK activator kinase 2; MAPK/ERK kinase 2; MEK 2
<b>Observed Band</b>	44kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm . Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Membrane localization is probably regulated by its interaction with KSR1. .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Colon carcinoma,Epithelium,Human cerebellum,Muscle,Platelet
<b>Function</b>	catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,disease:Defects in MAP2K2 are a cause of cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome (CFC syndrome) [MIM:115150]; also known as cardio-facio-cutaneous syndrome. CFC syndrome is characterized by a distinctive facial appearance, heart defects and mental retardation. Heart defects include pulmonic stenosis, atrial septal defects and hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Some affected individuals present with ectodermal abnormalities such as sparse, friable hair, hyperkeratotic skin lesions and a generalized ichthyosis-like condition. Typical facial features are similar to Noonan syndrome. They include high forehead with bitemporal constriction, hypoplastic supraorbital ridges, downslanting palpebral fissures, a depressed nasal bridge, and posteriorly angulated ears with prominent helices. The inheritance of CFC syndrome is autosomal dominant.,function:C

**Background**

The protein encoded by this gene is a dual specificity protein kinase that belongs to the MAP kinase kinase family. This kinase is known to play a critical role in mitogen growth factor signal transduction. It phosphorylates and thus activates MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK2/ERK3. The activation of this kinase itself is dependent on the Ser/Thr phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinase kinases. Mutations in this gene cause cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome (CFC syndrome), a disease characterized by heart defects, mental retardation, and distinctive facial features similar to those found in Noonan syndrome. The inhibition or degradation of this kinase is also found to be involved in the pathogenesis of Yersinia and anthrax. A pseudogene, which is located on chromosome 7, has been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

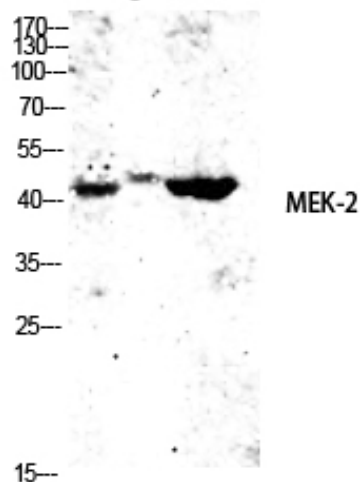
**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

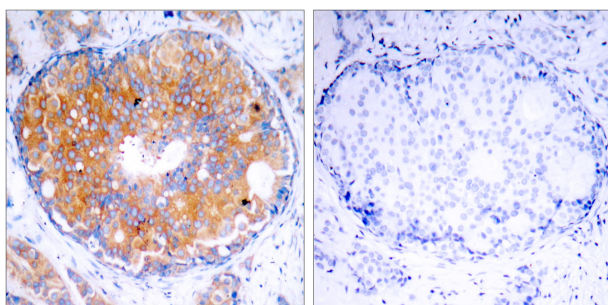


## Products Images

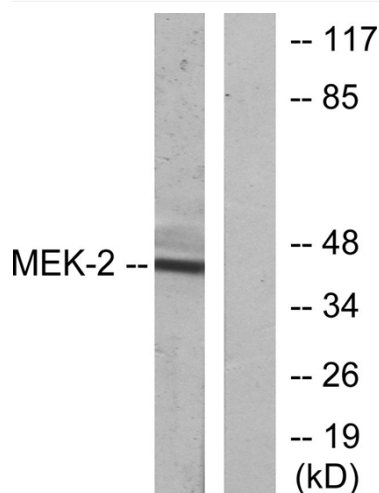
mouse-lung KB 293T



Western blot analysis of mouse-lung KB 293T lysis using MEK-2 antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:2000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using MEK2 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from ovary cancer cells, using MEK2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.